

Report on 2022 monitoring of the Johnsons Landing landslide

Sarah Crookshanks, P.Geo., Research Geomorphologist, MOF, Nelson
January 4, 2023

Monitoring of the potentially unstable area above the Johnsons Landing landslide continued in 2022. A site visit was undertaken on July 13, 2022 by Sarah Crookshanks and Stephane Coutu (RDCK). Reflectors along the headscarp were surveyed in October by Kodiak Measurement Services. No visible changes to the headscarp area were observed.

Slope displacement measurements

Eight measurement sites are located along the crack that bounds the top edge of the potentially unstable area (see Figure 1 for measurement locations labelled Site 1 through 8). One of these (Site 1) is a line of 6 metal pins, with the top pin drilled into bedrock above the crack. This site is the most reliable measurement location. The other sites consist of two or three wooden stakes driven into soil above and below the crack. The distance between the stakes is measured manually with a tape measure. Unfortunately, many of these wooden stakes have become damaged or slanted because of rockfall and snowload; therefore, the wooden stake measurements in the past few years have become less accurate or have been destroyed.

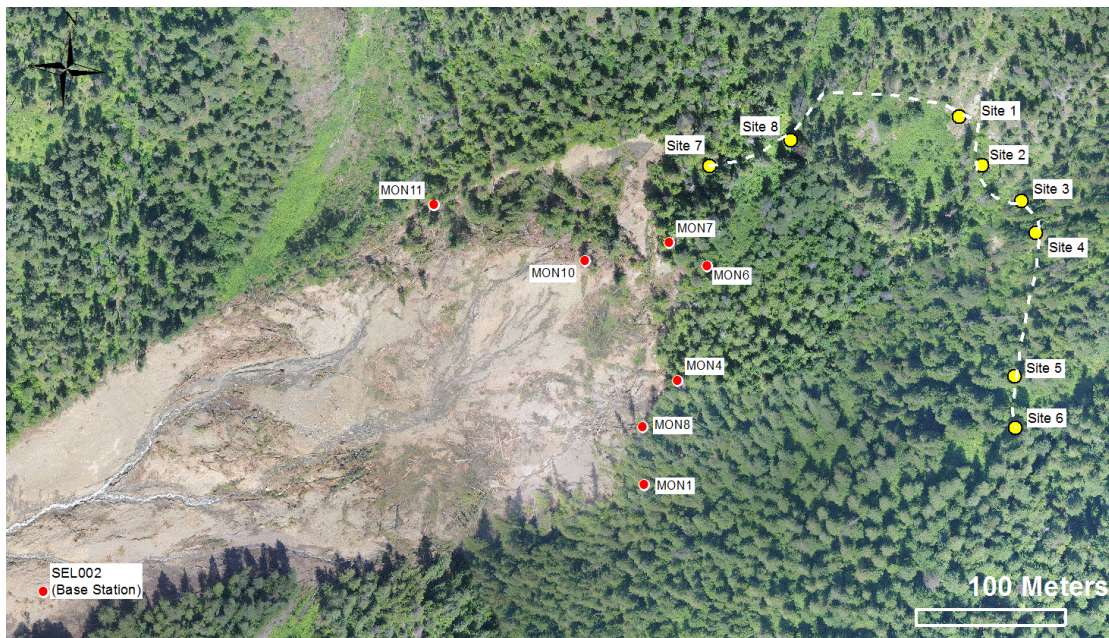


Figure 1. Measurement locations that are measured manually are identified in yellow, and measurement sites surveyed by from a base station are shown in red. The dashed line shows the approximate location of the upper crack that bounds the top edge of the potentially unstable area.

The measurement of the displacement of the upper crack over the past nine years shows progressive movement at the apex of the tension crack (Figure 2), and inconsistent and/or minimal movement towards the outer edges. This year a moderate amount of movement was measured at several sites (3-11 cm).

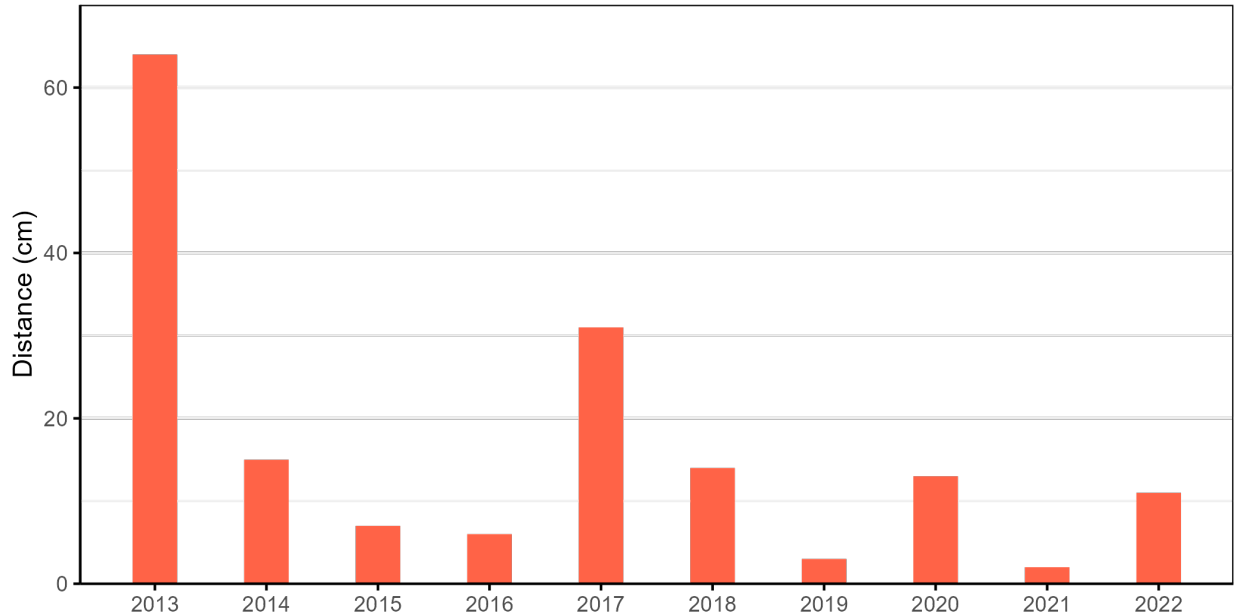


Figure 2. Annual downslope movement of the upper crack at Site 1 (see Figure 1 for site location). Downslope movement was measured as the distance between stakes spanning the crack.

Weather record

The regional rainfall this past spring was around normal (Figure 3), and the snowpack on April 1 at Upper Gray Creek was also about normal (Figure 4). The snow melted later than usual; on June 1 there was still 798 mm of snow water equivalent at the Upper Gray Creek site, which corresponds to 154% of normal.

Spring precipitation at Powder Creek

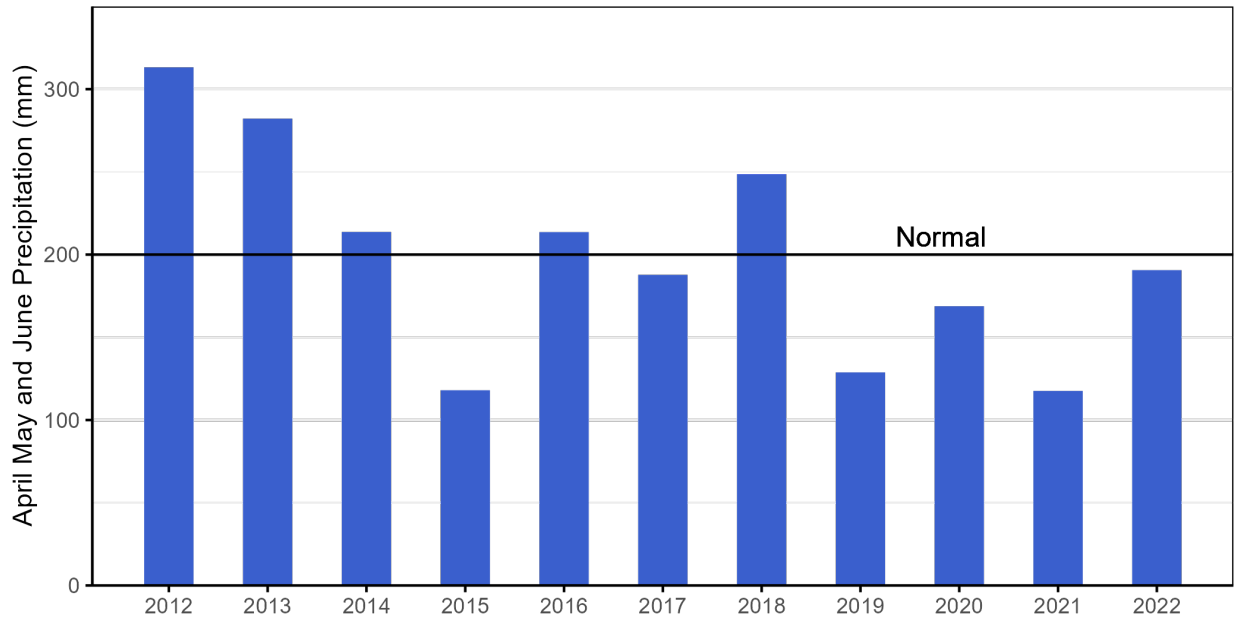


Figure 3. Total precipitation for April, May and June at Powder Creek BC Wildfire Service weather station from 2012 to 2022. The normal precipitation estimate is for the Kaslo Environment Canada weather station.

April 1 Snow Water Equivalent at Upper Gray Creek

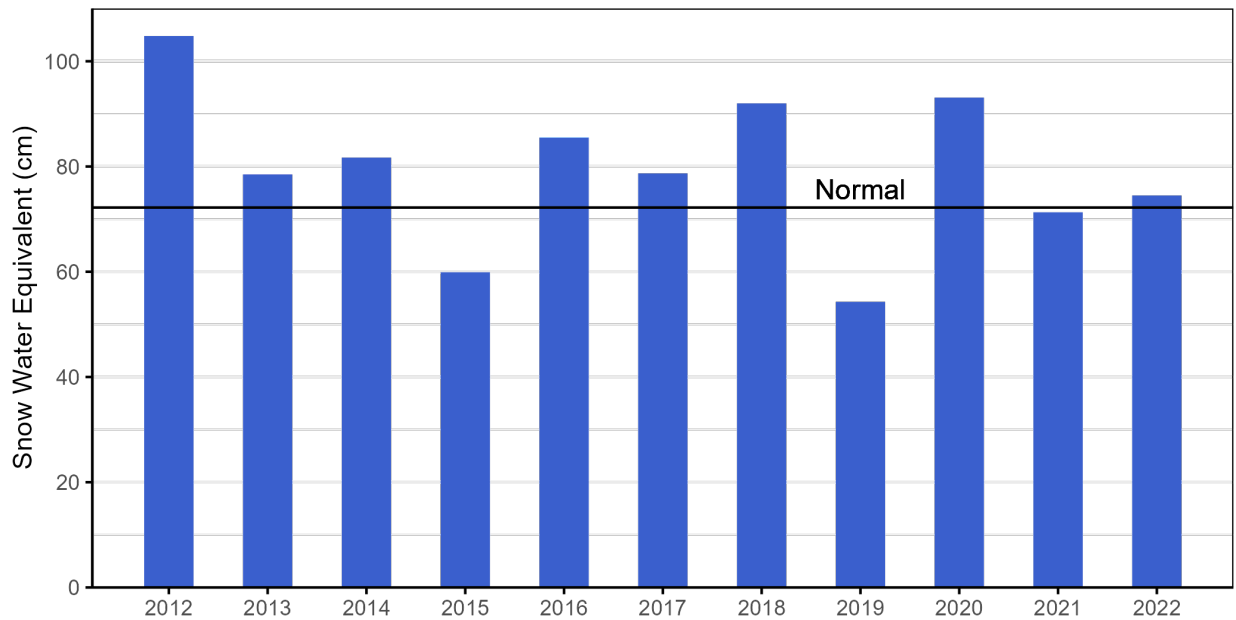


Figure 4. Snow Water Equivalent on April 1 at the Upper Gray Creek Ministry of Environment automatic snow pillow site.

Survey of Reflectors at the Headscarp

A set of reflectors were installed on the rim of the headscarp in 2014. Sproulers' Enterprises Limited (SEL) measured the reflectors once a year until 2021. Kodiak Measurement Enterprises performed the measurements in 2022. See Figure 1 for reflector locations.

The spatial and temporal pattern of movement of the surveyed reflectors along the headscarp rim indicates that there has been some minor (20 - 30 cm) westerly movement of the headscarp over the past 11 years. This corresponds to an average annual displacement of approximately 2 to 3 cm per year. Less overall movement has been observed at MON10 (the reflector on the dropped block), and no movement (within measurement error) has been observed at MON11, which is located on stable ground outside the landslide source area.

Conclusions and recommendations

Given the average spring weather and ongoing displacement observed in 2022, I recommend that monitoring continue next year.

Table 1. Annual upper scarp movement (at Site 1), spring precipitation totals at both the Environment Canada Kaslo station and the BC Wildfire Service Powder Creek station, and April 1 snowpack at the Upper Gray Creek station. Years with above normal values are highlighted in pink and years with below normal values are highlighted in green.

Year	Upper Scarp Movement (cm)	Kaslo Precipitation (% Normal)	Powder Creek Precipitation (% Normal)	Gray Creek April 1 Snowpack (% Normal)
2012	NA	NA	158	145
2013	64	141	136	109
2014	15	107	100	113
2015	7	59	47	83
2016	6	107	97	118
2017	31	94	86	109
2018	14	124	112	127
2019	3	NA	64	75
2020	13	NA	84	129
2021	2	NA	59	99
2022	11	NA	95	101